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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/051,901	01/17/2002	William H. Zebuhr	105019-0008	3356
25181	7590 01/03/2005		EXAMINER	
FOLEY HOAG, LLP			MANOHARAN, VIRGINIA	
PATENT GR	ROUP, WORLD TRADE C RT BLVD	ENTER WEST	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, MA 02110			1764	
			DATE MAILED: 01/03/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		. (18)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/051,901	ZEBUHR, WILLIAM H.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Virginia Manoharan	1764				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on amen	dment of 09/23/04.					
, =	<u> </u>					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		•				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-9, 12-13 and 16-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 10,11,14 and 15 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∍ 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other: <u>TD approval</u> .					

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DETAILED ACTION

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-9, 12-13 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Porter et al (4,731,159) in view of Etheridge (2,953,110).

The above references are applied for the same combined reasons as set forth at pages 5-6 of the previous Office action.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Porter et al in view of Etheridge as applied to claims 1, 3-9, 12-13 and 16-20 above, and further in view of Hickman (2,899,366) or Sears (5,968,321).

The above references are applied for the same combined reasons as set forth at page 6, third full paragraph.

Claims 10-11 and 14-15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Applicant's arguments filed 09/23/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants following argument such as: "Porter et al.'s individual chambers extend generally perpendicular to the heat exchanger's axis of rotation, not axially, as a

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folded plate joined at its ends in Applicant's manner can. Consequently, the chamber walls are circular, and there is no apparent way in which a plate can be folded to make opposed circular chamber walls. The prior art of record therefore provides no suggestion that the two patents' teachings should be combined ..."

However, the test of obviousness is not whether the features of one references may be bodily incorporated into the other to produce the claimed subject and should not be limited to the specific structure shown by the references, but should be into the concepts fairly contained therein, and whether those concept would suggest to one skilled in the art the modifications called for by the claims.." In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545; in re Beckum, 169 USPQ 47.

Applicant acquiesce that ".. it is true that Etheridge discloses the concept of folding a plate to make a heat exchanger; as Applicant does, Etheridge folds a plate to provide each chamber's opposing walls. And Porter et al. do indeed disclose a rotating heat exchanger that divided evaporation chambers from condensation chambers."

Moreover, it is noteworthy that Etheridge suggests combining its folded structure to a heat exchange apparatus (obviously, the type disclosed by Porter). See e.g., column 3, lines 15-30 of the Etheridge's reference.

Furthermore, Porter's disclosure at col. 2, lines 39-68 would at least be suggestive of the argued "...chamber walls are circular ..." That is, Porter suggests that "...the plate surface. .. are disposed in one or more circles which are concentric with the axis of rotation of the plates or in a continuous spiral configuration about said axis.

Thus in one form, where the surface features are one or more channels in the plate

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surface, it is preferred that they are continuous channels disposed concentrically about said axis of rotation or a continuous spiral channel about that axis as center.."

Thus, in the absence of anything which may be "new" or unexpected result". A prima facie case of obviousness has been established by the art and has not been rebutted.

Unexpected results must be established by factual evidence. Mere arguments or conclusory statement in the specification, applicant's amendments, or the brief do not suffice. In re Lindner, 457 F. 2d 506, 508, 173 USPQ 356, 358 (CCPA 1972). In re
Wood, 582, F. 2d 638, 642, 199 USPQ 137, 140 (CCPA 1978).

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Virginia Manoharan whose telephone number is 571-

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271-1450. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday from 7:30 am to 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

V. Manoharan/af December 27, 2004

12/29/00

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